

## UNITED NATIONS TREATY-BASED BODIES CEDAW, Human Rights Committee, CESCR, CRC and CAT

## Concluding Observations, General Recommendations and General Comments related to Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity

This document contains a summary of the Concluding Observations and General Comments issued by the CEDAW Committee since 1994, by the Human Rights Committee since 2008, and by the CESCR, the CERD, the CRC and the CAT since the 2000s. It sets out all those Concluding Observations, General Recommendations and General Comments which comprise references to any form of violence and/or discrimination on grounds of Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity, as well as to any criminalization of consensual relations between same-sex adults. It is up to date as of January 24, 2013.

Treaty body Concluding Observations and/or General Comments	Regions and Countries
CEDAW	
1. Concluding Observations	<i>Africa</i> : Uganda, South Africa, Zimbabwe <i>LAC</i> : Chile, Costa Rica, Panama, Paraguay <i>Asia and Pacific</i> : New Zealand, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, <i>MENA</i> : N/A <i>Europe and Central Asia</i> : Albania, Belarus, Kyrgyzstan, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Russia, Sweden, <i>North America</i> : Canada
2. General Recommendations	N/A
Human Rights Committee	Africa: Cameroon, Botswana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Republic of

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INTERNATIONAL GAY AND LESBIAN HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

(ICCPR) Concluding Observations (92 <sup>nd</sup> to 106 <sup>th</sup> Sessions, 2008-2012)	Tanzania, Rwanda, Togo LAC: Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Mexico, Jamaica Asia and Pacific: Japan, Maldives, Mongolia MENA: N/A Europe and Central Asia: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Denmark, France, Lithuania, Poland, Republic of Moldova, Republic of San Marino, Russian Federation, Sweden, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan North America: N/A
CESCR	
1. Concluding Observations	<i>Africa</i> : Ethiopia, United Republic of Tanzania <i>LAC</i> : Argentina, Brazil, Ecuador, Peru, Uruguay <i>Asia and Pacific</i> : Australia, China, Republic of Korea <i>MENA</i> : N/A <i>Europe and Central Asia</i> : Bulgaria, Cyprus, Germany, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Poland, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland <i>North America</i> : N/A
2. General Comments	N/A
CERD Concluding Observations	<i>Africa</i> : N/A <i>LAC</i> : N/A <i>Asia and Pacific</i> : N/A <i>MENA</i> : N/A <i>Europe and Central Asia</i> : Austria, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Lithuania, Romania <i>North America</i> : N/A
CRC	
General Comments	N/A
CAT Concluding Observations	<i>Africa</i> : N/A <i>LAC</i> : Colombia, Costa Rica, Paraguay, Peru <i>Asia and Pacific</i> : Mongolia <i>MENA</i> : Egypt, Kuwait <i>Europe and Central Asia</i> : Armenia, Bulgaria, Finland, Italy,

Latvia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Moldova,
Russian Federation, Sweden
North America: United States of America

# COMMITTEE ON THE ELIMINATION OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST WOMEN (CEDAW)

## 1. Concluding Observations: positive aspects, concerns and recommendations

Issue and References	<b>Positive aspects</b>	<b>Concerns and Recommendations</b>
Discrimination	The Government had	
	passed a new Human	
Concluding Observations,	Rights Act in 1993,	
New Zealand, A/49/38,	extending the grounds of	
April 12, 1994, Para. 612	prohibited discrimination.	
	Its grounds would now	
	cover gender issues,	
	including () sexual	
	orientation ().	
Discrimination	() A recent amendment	
	to the Canadian Human	
Concluding Observations,	Rights Act granted	
Canada, A/52/38/Rev.1,	protection against	
August 12, 1997, Para. 310	discrimination on the basis of <b>sexual</b>	
	basis of <b>sexual</b> orientation.	
	orientation.	
Discrimination/Asylum	The Committee	
	commends the	
Concluding Observations,	Government for passing	
Sweden, A/56/38, July 31,	legislation that provides	
2001, Para. 334	residence permits to	
	individuals who have a	
	well-founded fear of	
	persecution on the basis of	
	sexual orientation or	
	gender, particularly in	
	cases that involve	
	discrimination against	
	women.	
<b>Discrimination</b> /Asylum	The Committee welcomes	

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	the amendment of the	
Concluding Observations,	Swedish Aliens Act in	
Sweden,	2006, which provides for	
CEDAW/C/SWE/CO/7,	the granting of refugee	
April 8, 2008, Para. 10	status to persons claiming	
1 , ,	fear of persecution on	
	grounds of gender and	
	sexual orientation and	
	which will be of benefit to	
<b>D:</b> : : /:	women refugees.	
Discrimination	The Committee	
	commends the State party	
Concluding Observations,	for the adoption of the	
Germany,	General Equal Treatment	
CEDAW/C/DEU/CO/6,	Act of 18 August 2006	
February 12, 2009, Para. 5	aimed at preventing and	
	eliminating discrimination	
	and which also includes a	
	new definition of the	
	-	
	indirect discrimination, as	
	well as of harassment and	
	sexual harassment.	
	Note 1: The purpose of	
	this Act is to prevent or to	
	stop discrimination on the	
	grounds of race or ethnic	
	origin, gender, religion or	
	belief, disability, age or	
	sexual orientation.	
Discrimination/		The Committee calls upon the State
Stereotypes		party to strengthen its efforts to
Stereotypes		eliminate stereotypical images and
Concluding Observations		
Concluding Observations,		attitudes regarding the roles of
Netherlands,		women and men in the family and
CEDAW/C/NLD/CO/5,		in society (). This should include
February 5, 2010, Para. 25		developing additional programmes
		to address gender stereotypes
		related to discrimination on other
		grounds, such as () sexual
		orientation.
Discrimination/		) the Committee is gravely
Stereotypes		concerned that () certain groups
<i></i>		of women, in addition to being
		er normen, in addition to being

Concluding Observations, Panama, CEDAW/C/PAN/CO/7, February 5, 2010, Para. 22- 23	affected by gender stereotypes, face multiple forms of discrimination and violence on grounds such as <b>sexual orientation and gender</b> <b>identity</b> . () The Committee also urges the State party to transform its recognition of the problem of multiple forms of discrimination into an overall strategy for eliminating gender stereotypes relating to women in general and, in particular, to discrimination against women as specified in paragraph 22.
Discrimination and Violence Concluding Observations, Albania, CEDAW/C/ALB/CO/3, July 30, 2010, Para. 19 and 43	The Committee recommends that the State party monitor the impact of the gender equality and anti- discrimination legislation, identify inconsistencies and address them, as appropriate, with a view to ensuring that the implementation of the legislation is conducive to the effective elimination of discrimination against women, especially women belonging to disadvantaged groups, such as () women discriminated on the grounds of their sexual orientation and gender identity.
	The Committee calls on the State party to implement fully the Law on Protection from Discrimination in relation to discrimination based on gender identity and sexual orientation by providing effective protection against discrimination and violence against women on such grounds.
Violence and Discrimination	The Committee calls on the State party to provide effective protection against violence and discrimination
Concluding Observations, Russia,	against women based on their <b>sexuality</b> , in particular through the

CEDAW/C/USR/CO/7,	enactment of comprehensive anti-
July 30, 2010, Para. 41	discrimination legislation that
July 50, 2010, 1 ala. 41	includes the prohibition of multiple
	forms of discrimination, including
	on the grounds of sexual
	orientation. The Committee also
	urges the State party to intensify its
	efforts to combat discrimination
	against lesbian, bisexual and
	transgender women ().
Discrimination	() The Committee also urges the
	State party to intensify its efforts to
Concluding Observations,	combat discrimination against
Uganda,	women on account of their sexual
CEDAW/C/UGA/CO/7,	orientation and gender identity
October 22, 2010, Para. 44	().
Discrimination	The Committee recommends that
	the State party:
Concluding Observations,	(a) Collect disaggregated data on
Belarus,	the situation of women facing
CEDAW/C/BLR/CO/7,	multiple forms of discrimination
April 6, 2011, Para. 42	1
April 0, 2011, Fala. 42	such as $()$ women belonging to
	minorities, including () lesbians
	();
	(b) Adopt pro-active measures,
	including temporary special
	measures, to eliminate any such
	discrimination, including in
	political and public life and in the
	areas of education, employment and
	health, and to protect those women
	from violence and abuse.
Violence and	The Committee calls on the State
Discrimination	party to abide by its Constitutional
	provisions and to provide effective
Concluding Observations,	protection from violence and
South Africa,	discrimination against women
CEDAW/C/ZAF/CO/4,	based on their sexual orientation,
February 4, 2011, Para. 40	in particular through the enactment
	of comprehensive anti-
	discrimination legislation that
	would include the prohibition of
	multiple forms of discrimination
	against women on all grounds,

		including on the grounds of sexual
		orientation. ()
Violence and		The Committee calls on the State
Discrimination		party to provide effective protection
		against violence and discrimination
Concluding Observations,		against women (). In this regard,
Costa Rica,		the Committee urges the State party
CEDAW/C/CRI/CO/5-6,		to intensify its efforts to combat
July 29, 2011, Para. 41		discrimination against women
		based on their sexual orientation
		and gender identity ().
Discrimination		The Committee calls on the State
		party to take urgent steps towards
Concluding Observations,		the adoption of a comprehensive
South Korea,		Anti-Discrimination Act, in line
CEDAW/C/KOR/CO/7,		with articles 1 and 2 of the
July 29, 2011, Para. 15		Convention and the Committee's
		general recommendation No. 28
		(2010), that includes a clear
		prohibition of all forms of
		discrimination, both direct and
		indirect, and takes into account
		article 2 (4) of the National Human
		Rights Commission Act (Korea,
		2005), which prohibits
		discrimination on the grounds of
		sexual orientation.
Discrimination/		The Committee calls upon the State
Stereotypes		party to: (a) Put in place, without
		delay, a comprehensive strategy to
Concluding Observations,		modify or eliminate patriarchal
Singapore,		attitudes and stereotypes that
CEDAW/C/SGP/CO/4/Rev		discriminate against women,
, January 16, 2012, Para.		including those based on sexual
22		orientation and gender identity,
		in conformity with the provisions of
		the Convention. ()
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes	
	the adoption, since the	
Concluding Observations,	entry into force of the	
Montenegro,	Convention for the State	
CEDAW/C/MNE/CO/1,	party, of several	
October 21, 2011, Para. 4	legislative measures	
	aimed at eliminating	

<b>Discrimination</b> Concluding Observations, Paraguay, CEDAW/C/PRY/CO/6, October 21, 2011 <i>Concerns of CEDAW</i> , <i>Para.</i> 12-13	discrimination against women, including: (b) Law on the Prohibition of Discrimination (2010) which defines and prohibits direct and indirect discrimination based on sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and other grounds, provides for remedies, and strengthens the protection role of the Protector of Human Rights and Freedoms (Ombudsman) in relation to discrimination	12. The Committee is further concerned that, despite the preparation of draft laws on equality and against all forms of discrimination against women, () these drafts have not been approved by the legislature. The lack of a comprehensive law disproportionally affects disadvantaged groups of women, including () <b>lesbians and transsexuals</b> , who are particularly vulnerable to discrimination. () 13. The Committee reiterates its recommendation to the State party to take effective steps to prohibit discrimination against women in line with article 1 of the Committee The Committee The Committee
Violence and		legislation in order to harmonize it with the Convention. The Committee urges the State
Discrimination		party to: () (f) Provide effective
Concluding Observations,		protection against violence and discrimination against all groups of

Zimbabwe,	women, including lesbian, bisexual
CEDAW/C/ZWE/CO/2-5,	and transgender women ().
March 1, 2012, Para. 24	and transgender women ().
Discrimination	33. While noting the elaboration of
Discrimination	a bill "prohibiting discrimination on
Concluding Observations,	grounds of sexual orientation and
Norway,	gender identity", which will be
CEDAW/C/NOR/CO/8,	presented to the Parliament in 2013,
March 9, 2012, Para. 33-34	and the establishment of the
1111011 9, 2012, 1 ulu. 55 5 1	national Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual
	and Transgender Knowledge Centre
	in 2011, the Committee is
	concerned at the discrimination in
	the State party against lesbian,
	bisexual, transgender and
	intersex women in the provision of
	health-care services.
	34. The Committee urges the State
	party to:
	(a) Accelerate adoption of the
	relevant legislation mentioned
	above ensuring non-discrimination
	in the health care system; and
	(b) Provide appropriate training to
	health-service providers, in order to
	avoid abuse and mistreatment of
	these women.
	36. The Committee calls upon the
	State party to: () (d) Take
	specific measures to address
	difficulties faced by lesbian and
	transgendered asylum seekers.
Violence and	The Committee is gravely
Discrimination	concerned that, as acknowledged by
	the delegation during the dialogue,
Concluding Observations,	certain groups of women face
Chile,	multiple forms of discrimination
CEDAW/C/CHL/CO 5-6,	and violence on grounds such as
October 24, 2012, Para. 16	sexual orientation, gender
	identity, indigenous origin, or
	being HIV/AIDS positive.
	The Committee recommends that
	the State party: () (b) Transform
	its recognition of the problem of

Concluding Observations, Sweden, CEDAW/C/SWE/CO/7, April 8, 2008, para. 9	The Committee commends the State party for the adoption, in November 2007, of the action plan to combat men's violence against women, violence and oppression in the name of	multiple forms of discrimination into a comprehensive strategy to modify or eliminate stereotypical attitudes, in order to implement the new anti-discrimination law.
	honour and violence in same-sex relationships.	
Criminalization of consensual same-sex relationships	127. The Committee is concerned that <b>lesbianism</b> is classified as a sexual offence in the Penal Code.	128. The Committee recommends that lesbianism be reconceptualized as a <b>sexual orientation</b> and that penalties for its practice be abolished.
Criminalization of consensual same-sex relationships		The Committee calls on the State party to decriminalize <b>homosexual</b> <b>behaviour</b> ant to provide effective protection from violence and
Concluding Observations, Uganda, CEDAW/C/UGA/CO/7, October 22, 2010, Para. 44		discrimination against women based on their sexual orientation and gender identity, in particular through the enactment of comprehensive anti-discrimination legislation covering, inter alia, the prohibition of multiple forms of discrimination against women on all grounds, including on the grounds of sexual orientation and gender identity. To this end, the Committee urges the State party to oppose the private member's proposed AntiHomosexuality Bill. ()
Criminalization of consensual same-sex		() the Committee urges the Sate party: () (g) To decriminalize

relationships	sexual relationship between
	consenting adults of same sex
Concluding Observations,	().
Sri Lanka,	
CEDAW/C/LKA/CO/7,	
February 4, 2011, Para. 25	

# 2. General Recommendations

Issue	Recommendations	
References		
Discrimination	The discrimination experienced by older women is often	
	multidimensional, with the age factor compounding other forms of	
General recommendation	discrimination based on gender, ethnic origin, disability, poverty	
No. 27 on older women	levels, sexual orientation and gender identity, migrant status,	
and protection of their	marital and family status, literacy and other grounds. Older women	
human rights,	who are members of minority, ethnic or indigenous groups,	
CEDAW/C/GC/27,	internally displaced or stateless often experience a disproportionate	
December 16, 2010,	degree of discrimination.	
Para. 13		
Discrimination	Intersectionality is a basic concept for understanding the scope of	
	the general obligations of States parties contained in article 2. The	
General recommendation	discrimination of women based on sex and gender is inextricably	
No. 28 on the core	linked with other factors that affect women, such as race, ethnicity,	
obligations of States	religion or belief, health, status, age, class, caste and sexual	
parties under article 2 of	orientation and gender identity. () States parties must legally	
the Convention on the	recognize such intersecting forms of discrimination and their	
Elimination of All Forms	compounded negative impact on the women concerned and prohibit	
of Discrimination against	them. They also need to adopt and pursue policies and programmes	
Women,	designed to eliminate such occurrences, including, where	
CEDAW/C/GC/28,	appropriate, temporary special measures in accordance with article	
December 16, 2010,	4, paragraph 1, of the Convention and general recommendation No.	
Para. 18	25.	

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# HUMAN RIGHTS COMMITTEE (ICCPR)

Issue and	<b>Concluding Observations</b>	Concerns and
References	<b>Positive aspects</b>	Recommendations
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes France's creation of the High	
Concluding	Authority to Combat	
Observations:	Discrimination and Promote	
France, CCPR	Equality (la haute autorité de	
/C/FRA/CO/4, July	lutte contre les discriminations	
31, 2008, Para. 6	et pour l'egalité, HALDE),	
	which has the power to receive	
	individual complaints and act	
	on its own initiative to remedy	
	problems of discrimination	
	based on national origin,	
	disability, health, age, gender,	
	family and marital status, trade	
	union activity, sexual	
	orientation, religious beliefs,	
	physical appearance, surname,	
	and genetic characteristics. ()	
Discrimination		The Committee is concerned that
0 1 1		such non-discrimination grounds as
Concluding		sexual orientation, race, colour,
Observations:		language, nationality and national or
Republic of San		ethnic origin are subsumed under the
Marino, CCPR		notion of 'personal status' in article 4 of the Declaration of the Citizens'
/C/SMR/CO/2, July		
31, 2008, Para. 7		Rights. It observes that such subsuming of grounds makes it
		difficult to ensure their equal and
		comprehensive application (articles 2
		and 26).
		The State party should adopt a

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		comprehensive anti-discrimination
		legal framework which expressly
		indicates all those grounds of
		discrimination that are presently
		subsumed under the notion of
		'personal status'.
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the	personal status .
Discrimination		
~	extensive legislative,	
Concluding	administrative and policy	
Observations:	measures taken to improve the	
Denmark, CCPR	promotion and protection of	
/C/DNK/CO/5,	human rights since the	
December 16,	examination of the fourth	
2008, Para. 4	periodic report, including: ()	
2000, 1 a1a. 4		
	(e) The establishment, in May	
	2008, of the Board of Equal	
	Treatment, with competence to	
	receive individual complaints	
	concerning alleged cases of	
	discrimination based on gender,	
	race, colour, religion or belief,	
	disability, political opinion, age	
	or <b>sexual orientation</b> , national,	
Violance and	social or ethnic origin.	The Committee is concerned about
Violence and		
discrimination		discrimination against lesbian, gay,
		bisexual and transgender persons
Concluding		in employment, housing, social
Observations:		security, health care, education and
Japan,		other fields regulated by law, as
CCPR/C/JPN/CO/5		exemplified by article 23 (1) of the
, December 18,		Public Housing Law, which applies
2008, Para. 29		only to married and unmarried
2006, 1 ala. 29		5
		opposite-sex couples and effectively
		bars unmarried same-sex couples
		from renting public housing, and by
		the exclusion of same-sex partners
		from protection under the Law for the
		Prevention of Spousal Violence and
		the Protection of Victims (art. 2 (1)
		and 26).
		The State party should consider
		amending its legislation, with a view
		to including <b>sexual orientation</b>

		among the prohibited grounds of
		among the prohibited grounds of
		discrimination, and ensure that
		benefits granted to unmarried
		cohabiting opposite-sex couples are
		equally granted to unmarried
		cohabiting same-sex couples, in line
		with the Committee's interpretation
		of article 26 of the Covenant.
<b>Discrimination</b> /	The Committee welcomes the	
Asylum	various legislative,	
	administrative and practical	
Concluding	measures taken to improve the	
Observations:	promotion and protection of	
Sweden,	human rights in the State party	
CCPR/C/SWE/CO/	since the examination of the	
6, May 7, 2009,	fifth periodic report, in	
Para. 3	particular: (a) The inclusion of a	
1 a1a. J	new provision in the	
	-	
	×	
	Instrument of Government,	
	chap. 1, art. 2, para. 4),	
	clarifying that public	
	institutions shall combat	
	discrimination of persons on	
	grounds of () sexual	
	orientation, age or other	
	circumstance affecting the	
	private person; () (d) The	
	entry into force of the new	
	Aliens Act (2005:716) in 2006,	
	which provides for the right to	
	appeal to independent bodies,	
	allows for increased use of oral	
	hearings on appeal, and permits	
	the granting of refugee status to	
	women fleeing gender-based	
	violence as well as persons	
	fleeing from persecution on	
	grounds of <b>sexual orientation</b> ;	
Violence and	Brounds of Sexual Orientation,	The Committee is concerned about
Discrimination		acts of violence against lesbian, gay,
		bisexual and transgender (LGBT)
Concluding		
Concluding		
Observations:		harassment by the police and

Dussion Enderation	insidents of people being assoulted or
Russian Federation, CCPR/C/RUS/CO/	incidents of people being assaulted or
6, November 24,	killed on account of their sexual orientation. The Committee notes
2009, Para. 27	with concern the systematic
2009, Fala. 27	5
	discrimination against individuals on the basis of their <b>sexual orientation</b>
	in the State party, including hate speech and manifestations of
	intolerance and prejudice by public
	officials, religious leaders and in the
	media. The Committee is also
	concerned about discrimination in
	employment, health care, education
	and other fields, as well as the
	infringement of the right to freedom
	of assembly and association and
	notes the absence of legislation that
	specifically prohibits discrimination
	on the basis of <b>sexual orientation</b> .
	(art. 26)
	The State Party should: (a) Provide
	effective protection against violence
	and discrimination based on sexual
	orientation, in particular through the
	enactment of comprehensive anti-
	discrimination legislation that
	includes the prohibition of
	discrimination on grounds of sexual
	orientation; (b) Intensify its efforts to
	combat discrimination against LGBT
	persons (); (c) Take all necessary
	measures to guarantee the exercise in
	practice of the right
	to peaceful association and assembly
	for the <b>LGBT</b> community.
Discrimination	The Committee notes with concern
Canalydina	reports that discrimination based on
Concluding Observations:	sexual orientation appears to be
	widespread at all levels of society.
Republic of Moldova	(arts. 2 and 26) The State party should take measures
Moldova, CCPR/C/MDA/CO/	The State party should take measures to combat discrimination based on
2, November 4,	sexual orientation ().
2, November 4, 2009, Para. 14	sexual orientation ().
2007, 1 ala. 14	

Violence and	The Committee notes with concern
Discrimination	reports of acts of violence against
Discrimination	lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender
Concluding	(LGBT) persons. Moreover, while
Concluding	
Observations:	noting that the legal prohibition of
Mexico,	discrimination covers discrimination
CCPR/C/MEX/CO/	based on sexual orientation, the
5, May 17, 2010,	Committee is concerned at reports of
Para. 21	discrimination against individuals on
	the basis of their sexual orientation
	in the State party, including in the
	educational system (article 26 of the
	Covenant).
	The State party should adopt
	immediate steps to effectively
	investigate all reports of violence
	against LGBT persons. It should also
	strengthen its efforts to provide
	effective protection against violence
	and discrimination based on sexual
	orientation, including in the
	educational system, and launch a
	campaign to raise awareness
	amongst the general public with a
	view to combating social prejudice.
Violence and	The Committee is concerned about
discrimination	reports that individuals have been
	harassed, physically attacked, or
Uzbekistan,	discriminated in the State party on the
CCPR/C/UZB/CO/	basis of their <b>sexual orientation</b> . It is
3, April 7, 2010,	also concerned that article 120 of the
Para. 22	Criminal Code criminalizes
	consensual sexual activities between
	adult males. (arts.7, 17 and 26)
	The State party should review its
	legislation and align it with article 26
	of the Covenant. It should also
	provide effective protection against
	violence and discrimination based on
	sexual orientation.
Violence and	5. The Committee is concerned that
Discrimination	the Law on Equal Treatment is not
	exhaustive and does not cover
Concluding	discrimination based on sexual

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Observations:		orientation, disability, religion or
Poland,		age in the fields of education, health
CCPR/C/POL/CO/		care, social protection and housing
6, November 15,		(art. 2).
2010, Para. 5 and 8		The State party should further amend
		the Law on Equal Treatment so that
		the issue of discrimination based on
		all grounds and in all areas is
		adequately covered.
		1 2
		8. The Committee notes with concern
		a significant rise in manifestations of
		hate speech and intolerance directed
		at lesbian, gay, bisexual and
		<b>transgender people</b> and, since 2005, in the number of cases based on
		sexual orientation filed with the
		Ombudsman. The Committee also
		regrets the absence of the provision in
		the Penal Code of hate speech and
		hate crimes based on sexual
		orientation or gender identity as
		punishable offences (art. 2).
		The State party should ensure that all
		allegations of attacks and threats
		against individuals targeted because
		of their sexual orientation or gender
		<i>identity</i> are thoroughly investigated.
		It should also: legally prohibit
		discrimination on the grounds of
		sexual orientation or gender
		<i>identity</i> ; amend the Penal Code to
		define hate speech and hate crimes
		based on sexual orientation or
		gender identity among the categories
		of punishable offences; and intensify
		awareness- raising activities aimed at
		the police force and wider public.
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes ()	
Concluding	(t)he adoption of Decree No.	
Concluding Observations: El	56, of 4 May 2010, which	
Observations: El	contains provisions to prevent	
Salvador,	all forms of discrimination in	
CCPR/C/SLV/CO/	the civil service on grounds of	

6, November 18, 2010, Para. 50	gender identity or sexual orientation	
Discrimination Concluding Observations: Mongolia, CCPR/C/MNG/CO/ 5, May 2, 2011, Para. 9		The Committee notes with regret, as acknowledged by the State party, the widespread discriminatory attitudes towards <b>lesbian</b> , <b>gay</b> , <b>bisexual and transgender (LGBT) persons</b> (). The State party should take urgent measures to address the widespread discriminatory attitudes, social prejudice and stigmatization of <b>LGBT persons</b> in the State party. It should ensure that <b>LGBT persons</b> have access to justice, and that all allegations of attacks and threats against individuals targeted because of their sexual orientation or gender identity are thoroughly investigated.
Violence and Discrimination Concluding Observations: Jamaica, CCPR/C/JAM/CO/ 3, November 17, 2011, Para. 8		() the Committee regrets that the right to freedom from discrimination is now expressed on the grounds of "being male or female", failing to prohibit discrimination on grounds of <b>sexual orientation and gender identity</b> . The Committee is also concerned that the State party continues to retain provisions under the Offences against the Person Act which criminalize <b>consensual same-sex relationships</b> , thus promoting discrimination against <b>homosexuals</b> . The Committee further regrets reports of virulent lyrics by musicians and entertainers that incite violence against <b>homosexuals</b> (arts. 2, 16, 26). <i>The State party should amend its laws with a view to prohibiting discrimination on the basis of sex, sexual orientation and gender identity. The State party should also decriminalize sexual relations between consenting adults of the same sex, in order to bring its</i>

	legislation into line with the Covenant and put an end to prejudices and the social
	stigmatization of homosexuality. In
	this regard, the State party should
	send a clear message that it does not
	tolerate any form of harassment,
	discrimination or violence against
	persons for their sexual orientation,
	and should ensure that individuals,
	who incite violence against
	homosexuals, are investigated,
	prosecuted and properly sanctioned.
Violence and	The Committee is concerned at
Discrimination	reports of discrimination, bullying,
	homicide, ill treatment, torture,
Concluding	sexual aggression and sexual
Observations:	harassment against persons because
Dominican	of their sexual orientation or gender
Republic, CCPR-	identity. The Committee also regrets
2/C/DOM/CO/5,	the lack of information on the
April 19, 2012, Para. 16	effective investigation and
raia. 10	punishment of such acts (). The State party should indicate
	clearly and officially that it shall not
	tolerate any form of social
	stigmatization of <b>homosexuality</b> ,
	<b>bisexuality or transsexuality</b> , and
	harassment, discrimination or
	violence against persons because of
	their sexual orientation or gender
	<i>identity</i> . The State party should
	ensure that any discriminatory or
	violent acts motivated by the sexual
	orientation or gender identity of the
	victim are investigated, prosecuted
	and punished.
Violence and	The Committee is concerned at the
Discrimination	discrimination and violence suffered
	by lesbian, gay, bisexual,
	transgandar and intersev nersons
Concluding	transgender and intersex persons
Observations: Guatemala, CCPR-	and rejects all violations of their human rights on the basis of their

1/C/GTM/CO/3,	sexual orientation or gender
April 19, 2012,	identity ().
Para. 11	The State party should state clearly
	and officially that it does not tolerate
	any form of social stigmatization of
	homosexuality, bisexuality or
	transexuality, or harassment of or
	discrimination or violence against
	persons because of their sexual
	orientation or gender identity. The
	State party should ensure the
	investigation, prosecution and
	punishment of any act of
	discrimination or violence motivated
	by the victim's sexual orientation or
	gender identity.
Violence and	The Committee is concerned at the
Discrimination	discrimination and violence suffered
	by lesbian, gay, bisexual and
Concluding	transgender (LGBT) persons and
Observations:	rejects all violations of their human
Armenia,	rights on the basis of their sexual
CCPR/C/ARM/CO/	orientation or gender identity ().
2, August 31, 2012,	The State party should state clearly
Para. 10	and officially that it does not tolerate
	any form of social stigmatization of
	homosexuality, bisexuality or
	transexuality, or harassment of, or
	discrimination or violence against
	persons because of their sexual
	orientation or gender identity. The
	State party should prohibit
	discrimination based on sexual
	orientation and gender identity and
	provide effective protection to LGBT
	persons.
Discrimination	The Committee () is concerned
	about discrimination against people
Concluding	on the basis of their sexual
Observations:	orientation as well as the social
Maldives, CCPR-	stigmatization and social exclusion of
1/C/MDV/CO/1,	these groups. While the Committee
August 31, 2012,	observes the diversity of morality and
Para. 8	cultures internationally, it recalls that

	they must always be subject to the principles of universality of human rights and non-discrimination (general comment No. 34 (2011) on article 19 (freedoms of opinion and expression), para. 32). Accordingly, the State party has the duty to protect the individual's liberty and privacy, including in the context of <b>same sex</b> <b>sexual activities among consenting</b> <b>adults</b> (arts. 2, 17 and 26). <i>The State party should decriminalize</i> <b>sexual relations between consenting</b> <b>adults of the same sex</b> . It should also combat the stigmatization and marginalization of <b>homosexuals</b> in
	society. The State party should accelerate the enactment of the Anti- Discrimination legislation which is currently under consideration by the Parliament, and ensure it includes a prohibition of discrimination on the basis on <b>sexual orientation</b> .
Violence and Discrimination /	The Committee is concerned that certain legal instruments such as the
Freedom of expression	Law on the Protection of Minors against the Detrimental Effect of Public Information (art. 7) may be
Concluding Observations: Lithuania, CCPR- 1/C/LTU/CO/3, August 31, 2012,	applied in a manner unduly restrictive of the freedom of expression guaranteed under the Covenant and may have the effect of justifying discrimination against <b>lesbian</b> , gay,
Para. 8	<b>bisexual and transgender (LGBT)</b> individuals. The Committee is furthermore concerned at various legislative proposals, () which, were they to be adopted, would impact negatively on the enjoyment of fundamental rights by <b>LGBT</b>
	<b>individuals</b> . The Committee is also concerned at the increasing negative attitudes against, and stigmatization of, such persons in society, which has

Violence	<ul> <li>manifested itself in instances of violence and discrimination, and at reports of reluctance on the part of police officers and prosecutors to pursue allegations of human rights violations against persons on the basis of their sexual orientation or gender identity (arts. 2, 19 and 26). The State party should take all necessary measures to ensure that its legislation is not interpreted and applied in a discriminatory manner against persons on the basis of their sexual orientation or gender identity. The State party should implement broad awareness-raising campaigns, as well as trainings for law enforcement officials, to counter negative sentiments against LGBT individuals. It should consider adopting a targeted national action plan on the issue. The Committee, finally, recalls the obligation of the State party to guarantee all human rights of such individuals, including the right to freedom of assembly.</li> <li>8. The Committee notes the efforts made by the State party to eliminate violence against women, including the right to freedom of assembly.</li> </ul>
Observations: Sweden, CCPR/C/SWE/CO/ 6, May 7, 2009, Para. 8 and 19	through the adoption of a national action plan 2007-2010 to combat men's violence against women, family-based violence that misuses the idea of "honour", and violence in same-sex relationships (). The Committee remains concerned, however, about the high prevalence of violence against women, particularly domestic violence. () The State party should intensify its efforts towards the elimination of violence against women ().

Violence	<ul> <li>19. The Committee is concerned that, () following a Survey conducted in 2004 and examining anti-Semitism, Islamophobia, homophobia and general intolerance among school youths in relation to attitudes, victimization, self-reported crime and the dissemination of extremist propaganda, "intolerance towards minority groups – which may manifest itself in such forms as discrimination, harassment, insults, threats and physical violence – constitutes a serious social problem" in the State party should intensify its efforts to prevent, combat, and prosecute hate speech violating article 20 of the Covenant, and to ensure that relevant criminal law provisions and policy directives are effectively implemented. ()</li> </ul>
Concluding	reports that individuals have been harassed by police and prison
Observations:	officials because of their sexual
Azerbaijan,	orientation (art. 26).
CCPR/C/AZE/CO/	The State party should take measures
3, August 13, 2009,	in this respect by providing training
Para. 19	activities to its law enforcement and penitentiary authorities and by
	elaborating a relevant code of
	conduct.
Violence	While the Committee notes that
	discrimination against sexual
Concluding	minorities is prohibited under article
Observations:	11, paragraph 2, of the new
Ecuador,	Constitution, it is concerned at the
CCPR/C/ECU/CO/	fact that <b>transsexual women</b> have
5, November 4,	been placed in private clinics or rehabilitation centres in order to
2009, Para. 12	undergo so-called sexual
	reorientation treatments. It also
	deeply regrets that such persons have
	deeping regrets that such persons have

Criminalization of consensual same-sex relationships         Concluding         Observations:         Botswana, CCPR         /C/BWA/CO/1,         April 24, 2008,	<ul> <li>been subject to forced detention and ill-treatment in rehabilitation clinics in the town of Portoviejo in June 2009 (arts. 2 and 7).</li> <li>The State party should take preventive and protective measures to ensure that persons of a different sexual orientation are not detained in private clinics or rehabilitation centres in order to be subjected to so-called sexual reorientation treatments. The Committee recommends that the State party investigate the alleged detentions and torture and adopt the necessary remedial measures in accordance with the Constitution.</li> <li>The Committee notes with concern that the State party criminalizes same-sex sexual activities between consenting adults (arts 17 and 26). The State party should repeal these provisions of its criminal law.</li> </ul>
Para. 22Criminalization of consensual same- sex relationshipsConcluding Observations: Rwanda, CCPR/C/RWA/CO/ 3, May 7, 2009, Para. 19	While taking note that sexual relations between consenting adults of the same sex are not an offence under criminal law, the Committee is concerned that the draft legislation would alter that situation (arts. 17 and 26 of the Covenant).The State party should ensure that any reform of its criminal law is in full conformity with articles 17 and 26 of the Covenant.
Criminalization of consensual same- sex relationships Concluding	The Committee reiterates its concern at the criminalization of same-sex sexual relations of consenting adults, and regrets the lack of measures taken to prevent

Observations:	discrimination against them. (arts. 2,
United Republic of	17 and 26)
Tanzania,	The State party should decriminalize
CCPR/C/TZA/CO/	same-sex sexual relations of
4, August 6, 2009,	consenting adults and take all
Para. 22	necessary actions to protect them
	from discrimination and harassment.
Criminalization of	The Committee remains deeply
consensual same-	concerned about the criminalization
sex relationships	of consensual sexual acts between
	adults of the same sex, punishable
Concluding	with imprisonment from six months
Observations:	to fiver years under article 347 (bis)
Cameroon,	of the Penal Code. () The
CCPR/C/CMR/CO/	information provided by the State
4, August 4, 2010,	party did not allay the Committee's
Para. 12	concern about arbitrariness in the
	implementation of article 347 (bis),
	() and about reported cases of
	inhumane and degrading treatment of
	persons detained on charges of
	having sexual relations with a person
	of the same sex. ()
	The State party should take
	immediate steps towards
	decriminalizing consensual sexual
	acts between adults of the same sex,
	in order to bring its law into
	conformity with the Covenant. The
	State party should also take
	appropriate measures to address
	social prejudice and stigmatization of
	homosexuality and should clearly
	demonstrate that it does not tolerate
	aemonstrate that it does not tolerate any form of harassment,
	discrimination and violence against
	individuals because of their sexual
Criminalization of	<i>orientation</i> . () The Committee remains concerned
consensual same-	about the criminalization of <b>sexual</b>
sex relationships	relations between consenting adults
	of the same sex, punishable by 1 to 3
Concluding	years of imprisonment and a fine of
Observations:	up to 500,000 CFA francs under

Togo,	article 88 of the current Criminal
CCPR/C/TGO/CO/	Code. ()
4, April 18, 2011,	The State party should take steps to
Para. 14	decriminalize sexual relations
	between consenting adults of the
	same sex in order to bring its
	legislation into line with the
	Covenant. The State party should
	also take the necessary steps to put
	an end to prejudice and the social
	stigmatization of homosexuality and
	send a clear message that it does not
	tolerate any form of harassment,
	discrimination or violence against
	persons based on their sexual
	orientation.
Criminalization of	The Committee, is concerned about
consensual same-	the criminalization of
sex relationships	"homosexuality and other indecent
	acts", as are other international
Concluding	human rights treaty bodies. ()
Observations:	The State party should take steps to
Ethiopia,	decriminalize sexual relations
CCPR/C/ETH/CO/	between consenting adults of the
1, August 19, 2011,	same sex in order to bring its
Para. 12	legislation into line with the
1 uiu. 12	Covenant. The State party should
	also take the necessary steps to put
	an end to the social stigmatization of
	<i>homosexuality</i> and send a clear message that it does not tolerate any
	form of harassment, discrimination
	0 0
	or violence against persons based on
Criminalization of	their sexual orientation.
Criminalization of consensual same-	The Committee regrets the criminalization of <b>sexual relations</b>
sex relationships	between consenting adults of the
Concluding	same sex (). The Committee is concerned at the deep-rooted
Concluding Observations:	1
	stereotypes against individuals on the
Turkmenistan,	basis of their sexual orientation or
CCPR/C/TKM/CO/	<b>gender identity</b> (art. 26).
1, December 3,	The State party should decriminalize
2012, Para. 21	sexual relations between consenting

	a late of the same set in and and
	adults of the same sex in order to
	bring its legislation in line with the
	Covenant. The State party should
	also take the necessary steps to put
	an end to the social stigmatization of
	homosexuality and send a clear
	message that it does not tolerate any
	form of discrimination against
	persons based on their sexual
	orientation or gender identity.
Criminalization of	The Committee () regrets that the
consensual same-	Penal Code continues to criminalize
sex relationships	sexual relations between consenting
sex relationships	adults of the same sex. The
Concluding	Committee also regrets reports of acts
Observations:	of violence, harassment and abuse
Kenya, CCPR-	against lesbian, gay, bisexual,
8/C/KEN/CO/3,	transgender and intersex (LGBTI)
August 31, 2012,	persons based solely on their sexual
Para. 8	orientation or gender identity (arts.
	2, 17 and 26).
	The Committee () recommends that
	the State party decriminalize sexual
	relations between consenting adults
	of the same sex in order to bring its
	legislation in line with the Covenant.
	The State party should also take
	necessary steps to put an end to the
	social stigmatization of
	homosexuality and send a clear
	message that it does not tolerate any
	form of harassment, discrimination
	or violence against persons based on
	their sexual orientation or gender
	identity.

Issue and	Concluding Observations	<b>Concerns and</b>
References	Positive aspects	Recommendations
Discrimination	5. The Committee () welcomes	
	the adoption of the National	
Concluding	Action Plan to Combat Racism,	
Observations:	Xenophobia, Homophobia and	
Sweden,	Discrimination, early in 2001.	
E/C.12/1/Add.70,	8. () The Committee welcomes	
November 30,	the creation of the office of an	
2001, Para. 5 and 8	Ombudsperson against	
	Discrimination on Grounds of	
	Sexual Orientation.	
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the	
	establishment in November 2001	
Concluding	of the Government Plenipotentiary	
Observations:	for Equal Gender Status with the	
Poland,	responsibility of promoting the	
E/C.12/1/Add.82,	principle of equality between men	
December 19,	and women in government	
2002, Para. 5	legislation and policies. The	
	Committee also notes the recent	
	expansion of the responsibilities of	
	the Plenipotentiary to include	
	combating discrimination based	
	on race, ethnic origin, religion and	
	belief, age and <b>sexual orientation</b> .	
Discrimination	73. The Committee welcomes the	78. () The Committee wishes
~	establishment of the Sexual	to reiterate in particular its concern
Concluding	Minorities Forum, a formal	at the following issues: (a) The
Observations:	communication channel between	present anti-discrimination
China, CESCR,	HKSAR and persons with	legislation does not cover
E/C.12/1/Add.107,	different sexual orientation, and	,
May 13, 2005,	the planned establishment of the	sexual orientation and age
Para. 73 and 78	Gender Identity and Sexual	
	<b>Orientation</b> Unit within the Home	
	Affairs Bureau.	12 The Committee constants it
Discrimination	6. The Committee welcomes the recent establishment of an Office	12. The Committee expresses its
Concluding		concern that the Office of Equal
Concluding	of Equal Opportunity with a broad	Opportunity, which replaced the

### 1. Concluding Observations: positive aspects, concerns and recommendations

INTERNATIONAL GAY AND LESBIAN HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

Observations: Liechtenstein, E/C.12/LIE/CO/1, June 9, 2006, Para. 6 and 12	mandate to combat discrimination based on gender, religion, disability, national origin and <b>sexual orientation</b> .	Office of Gender Equality, may not have sufficient means to ensure that its work will continue to have a strong gender focus, in addition to its new responsibilities in the fields of integration of foreigners, disability, age, religion and <b>sexual orientation</b> .
Discrimination / Equality before the law Concluding Observations: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, E/C.12/GBR/CO/5, June 12, 2009, Para. 6	The Committee notes with appreciation the introduction of an Equality Bill, which aims at streamlining the existing equality legislation and extending protection from discrimination in other areas such as age and <b>sexual</b> <b>orientation</b> , as well as the establishment of a range of institutions to address equality issues ().	
Discrimination Concluding Observations: Australia, E/C.12/AUS/CO/4, June 12, 2009, Para. 5	The Committee notes with satisfaction that the State party has repealed legal provisions which discriminated against <b>same-sex couples</b> in relation to financial and work related benefits.	
Discrimination Concluding Observations: Republic of Korea, E/C.12/KOR/CO/3, December 17, 2009, Para. 9		The Committee is concerned that a comprehensive anti-discrimination law has still not been adopted by the State party (). The Committee is also concerned that the present version () only contains certain grounds for discrimination, excluding others that had been indicated in the original bill, such as nationality and <b>sexual orientation</b> (art. 2). The Committee urges the State party to adopt expeditiously a comprehensive anti-discrimination law that clearly spells out all the grounds for discrimination ().

Violence and	12. The Committee continues to be
Discrimination /	concerned at the de facto
Harassment	discrimination experienced by
	some disadvantaged and
Concluding	marginalized individuals and
Observations:	groups, such as () <b>lesbian, gay,</b>
Poland,	bisexual and transgender
E/C.12/POL/CO/35	persons in the enjoyment of their
December 2, 2009,	economic, social and cultural
Para. 12 and 32	rights, despite the appointment of
	the Plenipotentiary for Equal
	Treatment in April 2008. ()
	$(\dots)$ The Committee $(\dots)$
	recommends that the State party
	ensure effective enforcement of
	existing anti-discrimination
	legislation, and strengthen
	measures to combat de facto
	discrimination, including through
	campaigns aimed at combating
	stereotypes, especially concerning
	disadvantaged and marginalized
	individuals and groups. ()
	32. The Committee is deeply concerned at reports about <b>homophobia</b> , particularly bullying in schools (art. 13). The Committee recommends that the State party take measures, in particular awareness-raising, to counter homophobic attitude in educational settings, ensuring that
	individuals are not discriminated
	against on the basis of their sexual
	orientation and identity. ()
Discrimination	The Committee notes with concern
	the persisting discrimination
Concluding	against, and the social and
Observations:	economic marginalization of
Uruguay,	minority groups in the State party,
E/C.12/URY/CO/3-	() and widespread
4, December 1,	discrimination on the basis of
2010, Para. 7	sexual orientation. ()

	The Committee recommends that
	the State party adopt a
	comprehensive anti-discrimination
	law, () and prioritize the
	effective implementation of
	existing programmes to eliminate
	all forms of discrimination in law
	and in practice.
Discrimination /	
	The Committee notes with concern
Health	that transsexual and inter-sexed
	persons are often assimilated to
Concluding	persons with mental illness and
Observations:	that the State party's policies,
Germany,	legislative or otherwise, have led
E/C.12/DEU/CO/5,	to discrimination against these
July 12, 2011, Para.	persons as well as to violations of
26	their sexual and reproductive
20	health rights ().
	e ( )
	The Committee urges the State
	party to step up measures,
	legislative or otherwise, on the
	identity and the health of
	transsexual and inter-sex persons
	with a view to ensuring that they
	are no longer discriminated
	against and that their personal
	integrity and sexual and
	reproductive health rights are
	respected. ()
Discrimination	The Committee is concerned at
	opinions expressed by certain
Concluding	sectors in the society, including
Observations:	public anti-lesbian, gay, bisexual
Republic of	and transgender (LGBT)
Moldova,	statements by high-level
E/C.12/MDA/CO/2	politicians, triggered by the
, July 12, 2011,	submission to parliament in
Para. 7	February 2011 of the draft anti-
	discrimination bill.
	The Committee recommends the
	adoption of the comprehensive
	anti-discrimination bill (). The
	Committee also urges the State
	party to take measures to eliminate
<u> </u>	

		<i>discrimination against LGBT people.</i> ()
Discrimination		The Committee requests
		information concerning the extent
Concluding		of the practice of discrimination
Observations:		against lesbian, gay, bisexual and
Russian Federation,		transgender persons in particular
E/C.12/RUS/CO/5,		in employment, health care, and
May 20, 2011,		education in the State party (art
Para. 36		2.2).
Discrimination /	The Committee notes with	
Equality before the	appreciation the legislative and	
law	other measures undertaken by the	
	State party to implement	
Concluding	economic, social and cultural	
Observations:	rights, and in particular: () (d)	
Argentina,	The Equal Marriage Act (No.	
E/C.12/ARG/CO/3,	26618 of 2010) which, inter alia,	
December 14,	provides same-sex couples the	
2011, Para. 5	same marital rights as	
<b>DI I I</b>	heterosexuals	
Discrimination		The Committee notes with concern
0 1 1		that there is no specific legislation
Concluding		prohibiting discrimination against
Observations: Peru,		persons based on sexual
E/C.12/PER/CO/2-		orientation, and that lesbian, gay,
4, May 30, 2012,		bisexual or transgender persons
Para. 5		have faced such discrimination in
		employment, housing, and access
		to education and health care
		(art.2).
		The Committee recommends that
		the State party expedite the
		adoption of specific legislation
		prohibiting discrimination against
		persons based on sexual orientation and take measures, in
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		particular awareness-raising, to
		ensure that <b>LGBT persons</b> are not
		discriminated against on the basis
		of their sexual orientation and
Discrimination /		gender identity. The Committee is concerned by
		-
Equality before the		the fact that homosexual couples

1	
law	are not legally recognized and by
	the absence of a legal framework
Concluding	for the protection of the rights of
Observations:	such couples (art. 2).
Slovakia,	The Committee recommends that
E/C.12/SVK/CO/2,	the State party consider adopting
June 8, 2012, Para.	legislation that would grant legal
10	recognition to homosexual
	couples and regulate the financial
	effects of such relationships.
Discrimination /	() The Committee is ()
Equality before the	concerned that same-sex couples
law	are not legally recognized and by
	the absence of a legal framework
Concluding	for the protection of the rights of
Observations:	such couples ().
Bulgaria,	The Committee recommends that
E/C.12/BGR/CO/4-	the State party undertake a
5, November 30,	comprehensive review of its
2012, Para. 17	legislation () to legally
2012, 1 ulu. 17	recognize same-sex couples, to
	regulate the financial effects of
	such relationships ().
Discrimination /	() The Committee is ()
Health	concerned by the rate of
Treatti	HIV/AIDS in the State party and
Concluding	especially by shortcomings in the
Observations:	delivery of antiretroviral drugs and
Ecuador,	health services, in particular to
E/C.12/ECU/CO/3,	lesbian, gay, bisexual and
December 13, 2012 Dara 20	transgender persons.
2012, Para. 30	() The Committee recommends
	that the State party establish
	guidelines for ensuring that
	lesbian, gay, bisexual and
	transgender persons have access
	to health services, including sexual
	and reproductive health services,
	on a non-discriminatory basis.
Discrimination	The Committee recommends that
	the State party adopt a
Concluding	comprehensive anti-
Observations:	discrimination bill. The Committee
United Republic of	recommends that the State party

Tanzania, E/C.12/TZA/CO/1- 3, November 30, 2012, Para. 5		take steps to combat and prevent discrimination and societal stigma, in particular against persons with disabilities, persons with albinism, persons living with or affected by HIV/AIDS, <b>LGBT</b> <b>individuals</b> , as well as persons belonging to disadvantaged and marginalized groups, and ensure their enjoyment of the rights enshrined in the Covenant, in particular access to employment, social services, health care, and education. ()
Violence and	The Committee notes with	
Discrimination /	satisfaction the adoption of the Act	
Hate Speech	of 15 July 2005 on freedom of	
	public expression, which	
Concluding	criminalizes insults of a racial,	
Observations:	ethnic or religious nature and	
Monaco, CESCR,	insults based on real or supposed	
E/C.12/MCO/CO/1,	sexual orientation.	
June 13, 2006,		
Para. 50 Violence and	The Committee welcomes the	
discrimination	legislative and other measures	
uiscimination	adopted by the State party since	
Concluding	the examination of its initial	
Observations:	report, including the following:	
Brazil,	() (e) The Brazil Free of	
E/C.12/BRA/CO/2,	Homophobia Programme, which	
June 12, 2009,	aims to protect and promote the	
Para. 50	rights of homosexual persons,	
	including their rights to personal	
	security, education, health and	
	work	
Violence	The Committee welcomes the	
violence	steps taken to combat violence	
Concluding	against women, in particular the	
Observations:	adoption of an 'action plan to	
Sweden,	combat men's violence against	
E/C.12/SWE/CO/5,	women, violence and oppression	
December 1, 2008,	in the name of honour and	

Para. 9	violence in same-sex	
1 a1a. 7	relationships'.	
Criminalization of consensual same- sex relationships Concluding	The Committee welcomes the abrogation of the provisions of the Penal Code criminalizing homosexual acts.	
Observations: Cyprus, E/C.12/1/Add.28, December 4, 1998, Para. 7		
Criminalization of consensual same- sex relationships / Discrimination Concluding Observations: Ethiopia, E/C.12/ETH/CO/1- 3, May 31, 2012, Para. 8		The Committee is concerned that the State party has not yet adopted a comprehensive anti- discrimination bill. The Committee also notes with concern that the Penal Code criminalizes <b>homosexuality</b> (art.2). The Committee recommends that the State party adopt a comprehensive anti-discrimination bill, and take urgent steps to amend the Penal Code to decriminalize <b>homosexuality</b> . The Committee recommends that the State party take steps to combat and prevent discrimination and societal stigma, in particular against persons with disabilities, <b>LGBT individuals</b> , as well as persons belonging to marginalized and disadvantaged groups, and ensure their enjoyment of the rights enshrined in the Covenant, in particular access to employment, social services,
Criminalization of consensual same- sex relationships		health care, and education. () The Committee is concerned that the Penal Code criminalizes homosexuality. (art.2) The Committee recommends that
Concluding		the State party take urgent steps to

Observations:			Penal		to
United Republic of	decrimi	nalize	homosex	uality.	
Tanzania,					
E/C.12/TZA/CO/1-					
3, November 30,					
2012, Para. 6					

# 2. General Comments

Issue and References	Comments			
<b>Discrimination</b> / Health	By virtue of article 2.2 and article 3, the Covenant proscribes			
	any discrimination in access to health care and underlying			
General Comment No. 14: The	determinants of health, as well as to means and entitlements			
Right to the Highest Attainable	for their procurement, on the grounds of race, colour, sex,			
Standard of Health (Art. 12),	language, religion, political or other opinion, national or			
E/C.12/2000/4, August 11,	social origin, property, birth, physical or mental disability,			
2000: "Special Topics of	health status (including HIV/AIDS), sexual orientation and			
Broad Application", Non-	civil, political, social or other status, which has the intention			
discrimination and equal	or effect of nullifying or impairing the equal enjoyment or			
treatment, Para. 18	exercise of the right to health. ()			
Discrimination	The obligation of States parties to guarantee that the right to			
	water is enjoyed without discrimination (Art. 2, para. 2), and			
General Comment No. 15: The	equally between men and women (Art. 3), pervades all of			
Right to Water (arts. 11 and	the Covenant obligations. The Covenant thus proscribes any			
12), E/C.12/2002/11, January	discrimination on the grounds of race, colour, sex, age,			
20, 2002, Non-discrimination	language, religion, political or other opinion, national or			
and equality, Para. 13	social origin, property, birth, physical or mental disability,			
	health status (including HIV/AIDS), sexual orientation and			
	civil, political, social or other status, which has the intention			
	or effect of nullifying or impairing the equal enjoyment or			
	exercise of the right to water. ()			
<b>Discrimination</b> / Employment	$(\dots)$ Under its article 2, paragraph 2, and article 3, the			
	Covenant prohibits any discrimination in access to and			
General Comment No. 18: The	maintenance of employment on the grounds of race, colour,			
Right to Work (art. 6),	sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or			
E/C.12/GC/18, February 6,	social origin, property, birth, physical or mental disability,			
2006, Para. 12	health status (including HIV/AIDS), <b>sexual orientation</b> , or			
	civil, political, social or other status, which has the intention			
	or effect of impairing or nullifying exercise of the right to			
Disarimination / Disht to	work on a basis of equality.[]			
<b>Discrimination</b> / Right to social security	The obligation of States parties to guarantee that the right to social security is enjoyed without discrimination (article 2,			
Social Security				
	paragraph 2, of the Covenant), and equally between men and			

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General Comment No. 19: The	women (article 3), pervades all of the obligations under Part
Right to Social Security,	III of the Covenant. The Covenant thus prohibits any
E/C.12/GC/19, February 4,	discrimination, whether in law or in fact, whether direct or
2008, Para. 29	indirect, on the grounds of race, colour, sex age, language,
	religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin,
	property, birth, physical or mental disability, health status
	(including HIV/AIDS), sexual orientation, and civil,
	political, social or other status, which has the intention or
	effect of nullifying or impairing the equal enjoyment or
	exercise of the right to social security.
Discrimination	"Other status" as recognized in article 2, paragraph 2,
	includes sexual orientation. States parties should ensure that
General Comment No. 20:	a person's sexual orientation is not a barrier to realizing
Non-discrimination in	Covenant rights, for example, in accessing survivor's
Economic, Social and Cultural	pension rights. In addition, gender identity is recognized as
Rights (art. 2, para. 2),	among the prohibited grounds of discrimination; for
E/C.12/GC/20, July 2, 2009,	example, persons who are transgender, transsexual or
Para. 32	intersex often face serious human rights violations, such as
	harassment in schools or in the workplace.

# COMMITTEE ON THE ELIMINATION OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION (CERD)

Issue and References	<b>Concluding Observations</b>
issue and references	Positive aspects
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the adoption of a new penal code
	criminalizing incitement to racial hatred as well as the
Concluding Observations:	adoption of a new law on Equal Opportunities which prohibits
Lithuania, CERD/LIT/CO/3,	any direct or indirect discrimination on the grounds of age,
March 21, 2006, Para. 6	sexual orientation, disability, race or ethnicity, religion or
	convictions.
Discrimination	6. The Committee notes with appreciation that section 81 of
	the Criminal Code, which entered into force on 2 April 2004,
Concluding Observations:	introduced an aggravating circumstance for offences based on
Denmark, CERD/DEN/CO/17,	another's ethnic origin, faith, <b>sexual orientation</b> or the like.
October 19, 2006, Para. 6 and 7	7. The Committee welcomes the decision of the State party to establish two new reporting systems on decisions in criminal
/	cases where the crime has been committed on account of the
	victim's race, nationality, ethnic background, religious belief
	or <b>sexual orientation</b> on the one hand, and concerning the
	implementation of the Danish Act of Prohibition against
	Discrimination on the Basis of Race on the other hand
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the adoption of the General Equal
	Treatment Act in August 2006 (Allgemeines
Concluding Observations:	Gleichbehandlungsgesetz - AGG), which prohibits
Germany, CERD/DEU/CO/18,	discrimination on the grounds of race and ethnic origin,
September 22, 2008, Para. 4	gender, religion and belief, disability, age and sexual
	orientation.
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the establishment in 2005 of the
	Ombudsperson for Equal Treatment irrespective of ethnic
Concluding Observations: Austria, CERD/AUT/CO/17,	affiliation, religion or belief, age or sexual orientation in
September 22, 2008, Para. 13	employment, and the Ombudsperson for Equal Treatment irrespective of ethnic affiliation in other areas. ()
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the adoption of Law 3304/2005 on
	the "Implementation of the principle of equal treatment
Concluding Observations:	regardless of race or national origin, religion or other beliefs,
Greece, CERD/C/GRC/CO/16-	disability, age or sexual orientation" in 2005.
19, September 14, 2009, Para.	,,
3	
Discrimination / Hate speech	The Committee welcomes the adoption of a number of laws
	and ordinances aimed at preventing or combating
Concluding Observations:	discrimination, including: () (e) Act No. 504/2002 on
Romania,	audio-visual media (as amended and supplemented by Act
CERD/C/ROU/CO/16-19,	No. 402/2003), which prohibits the broadcasting of

September 13, 2010, Para. 4	programmes containing any form of incitement to hatred on grounds of race, religion, nationality, gender or <b>sexual orientation</b> ()
Discrimination	The Committee welcomes the enactment of the Law on Equal Treatment in 2005 which prohibits direct or indirect
Concluding Observations: Lithuania, CERD/C/LTU/CO/4-5, April 4, 2011, Para. 3	discrimination on the grounds of, inter alia, age, sexual orientation, disability, race and ethnic origin.

# COMMITTEE ON THE RIGHTS OF THE CHILD (CRC)

Issue	Comments
References	
<b>Discrimination</b> / Stereotypes	Of particular concern is gender-based discrimination
	combined with taboos or negative or judgmental
General Comment No. 3:	attitudes to sexual activity of girls, often limiting their
HIV/AIDS and the Rights of	access to preventive measures and other services. Of concern
the Children, CRC/GC/2003/3,	also is discrimination based on sexual orientation. In the
March 17, 2003, The right to	design of HIV/AIDS related strategies, and in keeping with
non-discrimination (art. 2),	their obligations under the Convention, State parties must
Para. 8	give careful consideration to prescribed gender norms within
	their societies with a view to eliminating gender-based
	discrimination as these impact on the vulnerability of both
	girls and boys to HIV/AIDS. States parties should in
	particular recognize that discrimination in the context of
	HIV/AIDS often impacts girls more severely than boys.
Discrimination	States parties have the obligation to ensure that all human
	beings below 18 enjoy all the rights set forth in the
General Comment No. 4:	Convention without discrimination (art. 2), including with
Adolescent health and	regard to "race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or
development in the context of	other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, property,
the Convention on the Rights	disability, birth or other status". These grounds also cover
of the Child, CRC/GC/2003/4,	adolescents' sexual orientation and health status (including
July 1, 2003, The right to non-	HIV/AIDS and mental health). Adolescents who are subject
discrimination, Para. 6	to discrimination are more vulnerable to abuse, other types
	of violence and exploitation, and their health and
	development are put at greater risk. They are therefore
	entitled to special attention and protection from all segments
	of society.

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Violence	Elements to be mainstreamed into national coordinating		
	frameworks. The following elements need to be		
General Comment No. 13: The	mainstreamed across the measures (legislative,		
right of the child to freedom	administrative, social and education recovery and		
from all forms of violence,	reintegration): () (g) Children in potentially vulnerable		
CRC/C/GC/13, APRIL 18,	<i>situations</i> . Groups of children which are likely to be exposed		
2011, Para. 72	to violence include, but are not limited to, children: ()		
	who are lesbian, gay, transgender or transsexual ()		

### **COMMITTEE AGAINST TORTURE (CAT)**

Issue and References	<b>Concluding Observations</b>	Concerns and
	<b>Positive aspects</b>	Recommendations
Violence / Persecution		The Committee recommends that the
		State party: () (k) Remove all
Conclusions and		ambiguity in legislation which might
Recommendations:		underpin the persecution of
Egypt,		individuals because of their sexual
CAT/C/CR/29/4,		orientation. Steps should also be
November 13-14,		taken to prevent all degrading
2002, Para. 6		treatment during of body searches
		().
Violence		32. The Committee is concerned at
		reliable reports of sexual assault of
Conclusions and		sentenced detainees, as well as
Recommendations:		persons in pretrial or immigration
United States of		detention, in places of detention in
America,		the State party. The Committee is
CAT/C/USA/CO/2,		concerned that there are numerous
May 17-18, 2006,		reports of sexual violence perpetrated
Para. 32 and 37		by detainees on one another, and that
		persons of differing sexual
		orientation are particularly
		vulnerable. ()
		The State party should design and
		implement appropriate measures to
		prevent all sexual violence in all its
		detention centres. The State party
		should ensure that all allegations of
		violence in detention centres are

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	investigated promptly and
	independently, perpetrators are prosecuted and appropriately
	sentenced and victims can seek
	redress, including appropriate
	compensation.
	37. The Committee is concerned about reports of brutality and use of
	excessive force by the State party's law-enforcement personnel, and the
	numerous allegations of their ill-
	treatment of vulnerable groups, in
	particular racial minorities, migrants
	and persons of different sexual
	orientation which have not been
	adequately investigated (art. 16 and
	12).
	The State party should ensure that
	reports of brutality and ill-
	treatment of members of
	vulnerable groups by its law-
	enforcement personnel are
	independently, promptly and
	thoroughly investigated and that
	perpetrators are prosecuted and
	appropriately punished.
Violence	The State party should increase its
	efforts to prevent, combat and punish
Conclusions and	violence against women and children,
Recommendations:	including the adoption of the Bill on
Italy,	"Awareness raising and prevention
CAT/C/ITA/CO/4,	measures as well as the repression of
May 4 and 7, 2007,	crimes against the individual or
Para. 23	within the household, on account of
	sexual orientation, gender identity
	and any other reason of
	discrimination" ().
Violence / Hate	The Committee notes with concern
crimes / Hate speech	reports of intolerance and hatred
	tarranda minomitian and athen
	towards minorities and other
Conclusions and	vulnerable groups in Poland,
Conclusions and Recommendations: Poland,	

CAT/C/POL/CO/4, May 15, 2007, Para.		intolerance against <b>homosexuals and</b> lesbians. ()
20		The State party should incorporate in its Penal Code an offence to punish
		hate crimes as acts of intolerance and
		incitation to hatred and violence
		based on sexual orientation. ()
Violence and Discrimination		() the Committee expresses its concern at report of acts of violence
		against and discrimination of
Conclusions and		vulnerable groups, including Roma
Recommendations:		and the lesbian, gay, bisexual and
Latvia,		transgender (LGBT) community.
CAT/C/LVA/CO/2,		
February 19, 2008,		The State party should intensify its
Para. 19		efforts to combat discrimination
		against and ill- treatment of
		vulnerable groups, in particular Roma and the <b>LGBT</b> community ().
Violence	The Committee notes with	Roma and the <b>EGDT</b> commanity ().
VIOLENCE	satisfaction the ongoing efforts at	
Conclusions and	the State level to reform its	
Recommendations:	legislation, policies and	
Sweden,	procedures in order to ensure	
CAT/C/SWE/CO/2,	better protection of human rights,	
June 4, 2008, Para. 5	including the right not to be	
	subjected to torture and ill-	
	treatment, in particular: () (d)	
	The adoption, in November 2007,	
	of the action plan to combat	
	men's violence against women,	
	violence and oppression in the	
	name of honour and violence in	
Violence and	same-sex relationships ().	11. () the Committee remains
Discrimination		concerned at cases of abuse of
- iser initiation		immigrants and citizens, especially
Conclusions and		on the grounds of their <b>sexual</b>
Recommendations:		orientation and/or transsexual
Costa Rica,		identity. The Committee considers
CAT/C/CRI/CO/2,		that, in particular, the rules on public
July 7, 2008, Para. 11		morals can grant the police and
and 187		judges discretionary power which,
		combined with prejudices and

	discriminatory attitudes, can lead to abuse against this group ().
	Through training and awareness
	creation among those concerned, the
	State party should foster a policy of
	respect for human rights for all
	without discrimination. ()
	18. The Committee expresses
	concern at the reports of sexual abuse
	and physical violence against
	homosexual and transsexual
	prisoners.
	The State party should ensure that the
	Department has the funds it needs so
	that conditions of detention are in
	keeping with international rules and
	principles relating to the rights of
	persons deprived of their liberty. ()
	The Committee recommends that the
	State party should take steps to boost
	protection for the most vulnerable
	population against sexual violence,
	through such measures as the use of
	confidential machinery for reporting
	such violence. ()
Violence / Torture	() the Committee () expresses
	grave concern at the persistence of
Concluding	serious violations linked to torture,
Observations:	such as extrajudicial execution,
Colombia,	forced disappearance, forced
CAT/C/COL/CO/4,	displacement, sexual violation and
May 4, 2010, Para. 11	the recruitment of children in the
	context of armed conflict, and at the
	vulnerable situation of certain groups
	such as women, children, ethnic minorities, displaced persons, the
	prison population and LGBT
	persons ().
	The Committee calls on the State
	party to comply with its obligations
	under the Convention and to
	investigate and punish acts of torture
	with appropriate penalties which take
	with appropriate penalties which take

	into account their grave nature. ()
Violence / Hate	The Committee notes with concern
speech	reports of violence and hatred
specch	towards minorities, especially Roma,
Concluding	and other vulnerable groups in the
Observations:	Republic of Moldova, including
Republic of Moldova,	alleged recent manifestations of hate
CAT/C/MDA/CO/2,	speech and intolerance against
March 29, 2010, Para.	homosexuals (art. 16).
27	The Committee recalls () that the
21	special protection of minorities or
	marginalized individuals or groups
	especially at risk is part of the State
	party's obligation to prevent torture
	or ill-treatment. In this respect, the
	State party should: (a) Incorporate in
	its Criminal Code an offence to
	punish hate crimes as acts of
	intolerance and incitation to hatred
	and violence based on <b>sexual</b>
	orientation.()
Violence and	The Committee is concerned:
Discrimination	(a) () at reports that vulnerable
	groups such as lesbian, gay, bisexual
Concluding	and transgender (LGBT) persons
Observations:	are subjected to violence and sexual
Mongolia,	abuse, both in public and domestic
CAT/C/MNG/CO/1,	settings, owing to widespread
January 20, 2011,	negative social attitudes. The
Para. 25	Committee welcomes the official
1 uiu. 20	registration of the LGBT Centre and
	notes with appreciation the indication
	by the State party of the need for a
	public awareness-raising campaign
	regarding LGBT persons ()
	The State party should establish a
	comprehensive legal framework to
	combat discrimination, including
	hate crimes and speech. The State
	party should take measures to bring
	perpetrators of such crimes to justice.
	The State party should ensure the
	protection of vulnerable groups such
	as <b>sexual minorities</b> , persons living
	us service minorales, persons living

	with HIV/AIDS, and some foreigners. The State party should establish effective policing, enforcement and complaints mechanisms with a view to ensuring prompt, thorough and impartial investigations into allegations of attacks against persons on the basis of their sexual orientation or gender identity in line
	with the Yogyakarta Principles on the Application of International Human Rights Law in Relation to Sexual Orientation and Gender
	Identity. ()
Violence and Discrimination Concluding Observations: Finland, CAT/C/FIN/CO/5-6, June 29, 2011, Para. 24	() the Committee would appreciate receiving information regarding the measures in force to prevent violence against women, compile information on violence against children, provide the same coverage in national legislation and anti-discrimination training activities on grounds of <b>sexual orientation</b> and disability as for other grounds of discrimination in areas such as the provision of services and health care and to consider using the <b>Yogyakarta</b> <b>Principles on the Application of</b> <b>International Human Rights Law</b> <b>in relation to Sexual Orientation</b> <b>and Gender Identity</b> as a guide to assist in the development of its
Violence and	policies.       The Committee is concerned at
Discrimination	reports that vulnerable groups such as
	lesbian, gay, bisexual and
Concluding	transgender (LGBT) persons are
Observations: Kuwait,	subjected to discrimination and ill
CAT/C/KWT/CO/2,	treatment, including sexual violence,
June 28, 2011, Para. 25	both in public and domestic settings.
	<i>The State party should investigate crimes related to discrimination directed towards all vulnerable</i>

Violence         Concluding         Observations:         Bulgaria,         CAT/C/BGR/CO/4-5,         December 14, 2011,         Para. 23	groups and pursue ways in which hate crimes can be prevented and punished. The State party should also promptly, thoroughly and impartially investigate all cases of discrimination and ill-treatment of these vulnerable groups, and punish those responsible for these acts. The State party should conduct awareness-raising campaigns for all officials who are in direct contact with victims of such violence, as well for the population at large.The Committee is concerned that overcrowding and understaffing are conducive to inter-prisoner and violence, including sexual violence, in detention facilities ().The Committee recommends that the State party: () (b) Pay attention to protection of prisoners from inter- prisoner violence, in particular those belonging to the lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender group, and to the psychosocial profile of the prisoners and those who engage in violence, investigate and sanction incidents; ().
Violence and	The Committee () It is ()
Discrimination         Concluding         Observations:         Armenia,         CAT/C/ARM/CO/3,         July 6, 2012, Para. 19         Violence	concerned by reports that some victims of violence or discrimination are singled out by such groups of prisoners for abusive treatment based on perceived sexual orientation or nationality. () () The State party should take necessary measures to eliminate any form of violence or discrimination against detainees based on sexual orientation or nationality, including all abusive and discriminatory actions taken by prison inmates against other detainees. ()The Committee notes with concern

	promptly react to, or to carry out
Discrimination	reports that police have failed to
Violence and	The Committee is concerned () at
Violoneo er d	victims provided with redress.
	perpetrators brought to justice and
	investigated and prosecuted,
community, Para. 22	effectively and impartially
	all acts of violence are promptly,
	arbitrary detention and ensure that
	community from attacks, abuse and
	measures to protect the LGBT
	The State party should take effective
	fundamental legal safeguards ().
	police stations with denial of
	detention and physical abuse in
members of the LGBT	and prison officials and at arbitrary
Attacks against	municipal security patrols (serenos)
December, 2012	the national police, armed forces,
CAT/C/PER/CO/6,	LGBT community by members of
Observations: Peru,	have resulted in deaths, against the
Concluding	and violent attacks, some of which
	concerned at reports of harassment
Violence	The Committee is seriously
	respect for diversity. ()
	campaigns to promote tolerance and
	awareness-raising and information
	groups, including through increased
	and ill-treatment of vulnerable
	eradicate any instances of violence
	State party should enhance efforts to
	or ill-treatment. In this respect, the
	party's obligation to prevent torture
	especially at risk is part of the State
	marginalized individuals or groups
	special protection of minorities or
	The Committee recalls that () the
	community (art. 16).
Para. 21	bisexual, and transgender (LGBT)
December 13, 2012,	belonging to the lesbian, gay,
CAT/C/NOR/CO/6-7,	State party, including persons
Norway,	and other vulnerable groups in the
Observations:	and hate speech towards minorities
Concluding	harassment, incitement to violence
C 1 1	

Concluding	effective investigations and bring
Observations: Russian	charges against all those responsible
Federation,	for violent attacks against <b>lesbian</b> ,
CAT/C/RUS/CO/5,	gay, bisexual and transgender
December 11, 2012,	(LGBT) persons, such as alleged
Para. 15	
raia. 15	regarding the recent attacks on the "7
	Free Days Club" in Moscow and the
	"Parisian Life Club" in Tyumen ().
	The State party should:
	(a) Take effective measures to
	ensure the protection of all persons at
	risk, including Roma, persons
	belonging to ethnic minorities,
	migrant workers, LGBT persons and
	foreign nationals, including through
	enhanced monitoring. All acts of
	violence and discrimination against
	members of such groups should be
	promptly, impartially and effectively
	investigated, the perpetrators brought
	to justice, and redress provided to the
	victims. The Committee recommends
	that statistics be compiled regarding
	all crimes against members of such
	groups made vulnerable, and on the
	outcomes of investigations,
	prosecutions and remedial measures
	taken in relation to such crimes;
	(b) Publicly condemn attacks
	against Roma, ethnic and other
	minorities, migrant workers, and
	LGBT persons and other persons at
	risk, and organize awareness-raising
	campaigns, including among the
	police, promoting tolerance and
	respect for diversity.
Discrimination	The Committee notes that article 240
	of the new Penal Code, concerning
Conclusions and	non-discrimination, now covers not
Recommendations:	only discrimination based on race,
Portugal,	colour, ethnic or national origin and
CAT/C/PRT/CO/4,	religion, but also discrimination
February 19, 2008,	based on sex and sexual orientation.
Para. 17	It is nonetheless concerned by reports

	of numerous acts of violence of a discriminatory nature directed against certain minorities. () The State party should take the necessary measures to effectively combat acts of violence based on any form of discrimination and to punish the perpetrators appropriately. ()
Discrimination	() The Committee is further
Concluding	concerned about allegations of discrimination against the <b>lesbian</b> ,
Observations:	gay, bisexual and transgender
Paraguay,	community in the State party's
CAT/C/PRY/CO/4-6,	prisons, including discrimination in
December 14, 2011,	allowing private visits from partners.
Para. 19	()
	$(\dots)$ the Committee recommends that
	the State party should: ()(d)
	Redouble efforts to combat discrimination against vulnerable
	groups, and in particular against the
	lesbian, gay, bisexual and
	transgender community ().